

OBBBA Client Timeline (Simplified Summary)

Effective September 30, 2025

- Energy Credits & Incentives
 - Previously Owned Clean Vehicle Credit repealed (25E)
 - Clean Vehicle Credit repealed (30D)
 - Qualified Commercial Clean Vehicle Credit repealed (45W)

Vehicles must be acquired (binding contract + payment) by this date to qualify.

Beginning with 2025 Tax Year

Individual Provisions

- Standard Deduction Increase
- Senior Deduction: Extra \$6,000 per spouse age 65+ (2025–2028 only).
- **SALT Deduction Cap**: Raised to \$40,000 (MFJ), increases 1% annually through 2029, then reverts to \$10,000 in 2030.
- Itemized Deductions: Several changes, including disaster loss rules extended.
- New Deductions:
 - "No tax on tips" (up to \$25k).
 - "No tax on overtime" (up to \$12.5k / \$25k MFJ).
 - Interest on passenger vehicle loans (2025–2028).

Credits & Exclusions

- Child Tax Credit: Increases from \$2,000 to \$2,200.
- Adoption Credit: Partially refundable; expanded definition of "special needs child."
- 529 Plans: Expanded for K-12 and credentialing expenses.

• Small Business Stock Exclusion (QSBS): Higher gain limits (\$15M cap, \$75M asset test).

Business Provisions

- Bonus Depreciation: 100% bonus made permanent (option for 40% in year 1).
- §179 Expensing: Limit increased to \$2.5M, phaseout at \$4M.
- Research & Development: Full expensing of domestic R&D costs reinstated.
- **Sound Recording & Production**: Qualified production property gets bonus depreciation.
- ERC (Employee Retention Credit): No claims allowed after July 4, 2025.

Effective December 31, 2025

- Residential Energy Credits End
 - Energy Efficient Home Improvements (25C).
 - Residential Clean Energy (25D).
- **Premium Tax Credit**: Enhanced subsidies expire → higher health insurance costs likely.

Effective June 30, 2026

- Repeals:
 - Alternative Fuel Refueling Credit (30C).
 - Energy Efficient Commercial Buildings Deduction (179D).
 - New Energy Efficient Home Credit (45L).

Beginning with 2026 Tax Year

- AMT Reset: Exemption reverts to \$1M MFJ; phaseout rate increases.
- Charitable Deduction Floor: 0.5% AGI for itemizers; new \$1,000 (\$2,000 MFJ) above-the-line charitable deduction.
- Child & Dependent Care Credit: Raised to 50% of expenses, with AGI phaseout.
- **Trump Accounts**: New IRA-like accounts for minors, seeded with \$1,000. Employer contributions excluded up to \$2,500.
- Education Credits: Stricter reporting requirements (SSNs, school EIN).
- SALT & Itemized Deductions: Modified limitations, gambling losses capped, etc.

 Business Provisions: Meals deduction tightened, expanded employer credits for child care, New Markets Credit made permanent, LIHTC expanded.

Beginning with 2027 Tax Year

- QSBS: \$15M gain cap & \$75M gross asset test adjusted for inflation.
- **529 Plans**: Higher limits for K–12 withdrawals.
- Charitable Contribution Credit: Up to \$1,700 nonrefundable credit for scholarship donations.
- Qualified Opportunity Zones: Expanded incentives, longer deferral periods.
- Premium Tax Credit: Limited to "eligible aliens."

Beginning with 2028 Tax Year

- Trump Accounts: Contribution limits indexed for inflation.
- Premium Tax Credits: New verification rules for Advanced Premium Credits.

Client Takeaway (Practical Guidance)

- 1. Act fast (Sept 2025) if planning to buy a clean vehicle.
- 2. Homeowners: Complete energy projects before Dec 2025.
- 3. **Builders/Developers**: Finish projects before **June 2026** to lock in credits.
- 4. **Families**: Plan around new deductions/credits (tips, overtime, SALT, child credits).
- 5. **Business Owners**: Take advantage of permanent bonus depreciation, §179, R&D expensing, and expanded credits.
- 6. Health Insurance: Expect subsidy changes after 2025.
- 7. **Forward Planning**: Trump Accounts, Opportunity Zones, and QSBS changes may create new planning opportunities.